

Genorise® Recombinant Bovine TGF\$1

Catalog Number: GR104064

Background

TGF β 1 (transforming growth factor beta 1) is one of three closely related mammalian members of the large TGF β superfamily that share a characteristic cystine knot structure (1 7). TGF β 1, 2 and 3 are highly pleiotropic cytokines that are proposed to act as cellular switches that regulate processes such as immune function, proliferation and epithelial mesenchymal transition (1 4). Each TGF β 1 isoform has some nonredundant functions; for TGF β 1, mice with targeted deletion show defects in hematopoiesis and endothelial differentiation and die of overwhelming inflammation (2). Human TGF β 1 cDNA encodes a 390 amino acid (aa) precursor that contains a 29 aa signal peptide and a 361 aa proprotein (8). A furin-like convertase processes the proprotein to generate an N-terminal 249 aa latency associated peptide (LAP) and a C terminal 112 aa mature TGF β 1 (8, 9). Disulfide-linked homodimers of LAP and TGF β 1 remain noncovalently associated after secretion, forming the small latent TGF β 1 complex (8 10). Covalent linkage of LAP to one of three latent TGF β binding proteins (LTBPs) creates a large latent complex that may interact with the extracellular matrix (9, 10). TGF β 1 is activated from latency by pathways that include actions of the protease plasmin, matrix metalloproteases, thrombospondin 1 and a subset of integrins (10). Mature human TGF β 1 shares 100% aa identity with pig, dog and cow TGF β 1, and 99% aa identity with mouse, rat and horse TGF β 1.

It demonstrates crosss pecies activity (1). TGF β 1 signaling begins with high affinity binding to a type II ser/thr kinase receptor termed TGF β RII. This receptor then phosphorylates and activates a second ser/thr kinase receptor, TGF β RI (also called activin receptor-like kinase (ALK) 5), or alternatively, ALK-1. This complex phosphorylates and activates Smad proteins that regulate transcription (3, 11, 12). Contributions of the accessory receptors beta-glycan (also known as TGF β RIII) and endoglin, or use of Smadin dependent signaling pathways, allow for disparate actions observed in response to TGF β in different contexts (11).

References:

- 1. Derynck, R. and K. Miyazono (2008) Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 29.
- 2. Dunker, N. and K. Krieglstein (2000) Eur. J. Biochem. 267:6982.
- 3. Wahl, S.M. (2006) Immunol. Rev. 213:213.
- 4. Chang, H. et al. (2002) Endocr. Rev. 23:787.
- 5. Lin, J.S. et al. (2006) Reproduction 132:179.
- 6. Hinck, A.P. et al. (1996) Biochemistry 35:8517.
- 7. Mittl, P.R.E. et al. (1996) Protein Sci. 5:1261.
- 8. Derynck, R. et al. (1985) Nature 316:701.
- 9. Miyazono, K. et al. (1988) J. Biol. Chem. 263:6407.
- 10. Oklu, R. and R. Hesketh (2000) Biochem. J. 352:601.
- 11. de Caestecker, M. et al. (2004) Cytokine Growth Factor Rev. 15:1.
- 12. Zuniga, J.E. et al. (2005) J. Mol. Biol. 354:1052.



Genorise® Recombinant Bovine TGF-β1

Catalog Number: GR104064

Description

Source: Chinese Hamster Ovary cell derived

Component: Ala279 –Ser390 Accession # NP 001159540.1

N-terminal Sequence Analysis: Ala279

Predicted Molecular Mass: 12.6 kDa (monomer)

Specifications

Activity Measured by its ability to inhibit the IL-4-dependent proliferation of HT-2 mouse T cells. Tsang, M et al. (1995) 7:389. The ED50 for this effect is typically 40-200 pg/mL.

Endotoxin Level: <1.0 EU per 1 μg of the protein by the LAL method.

Purity: >97%, by SDSPAGE under reducing conditions and visualized by silver stain.

Formulation: Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in Acetonitrile and TFA with BSA as a carrier

protein.

Preparation and Storage

Reconstitution: Purified recombinant bovine TGF β 1 is an extremely hydrophobic protein that adheres strongly to surfaces. To ensure recovery, reconstitute at 20 μ g/mL in sterile 4 mM HCl containing 1 mg/ml of human or bovine serum albumin.

Shipping The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage: Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles.

- 3 months -20 to -70°C as provided.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 2 months, -20 to -70°C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

DECLARATION

THIS REAGENT IS FOR IN VITRO LABORATORY TESTING AND RESEARCH USE ONLY. DO NOT USE IT FOR CLINICAL DIAGNOSTICS. DO NOT USE OR INJECT IT IN HUMANS AND ANIMALS.

FOR LABORATORY RESEARCH USE ONLY NOT FOR USE IN HUMANS AND ANIMALS